## **Universal Web Access**



Strategies for *Accessible* Content

## ter-mi-nol-o-gy

- Constituents, Customers, Citizens, Users
- Digital Government, e-Government
- e-Business, e-Commerce
- Web Site, Web Application

- Business/Program Manager
- IT/Technical Staff, Web Developer

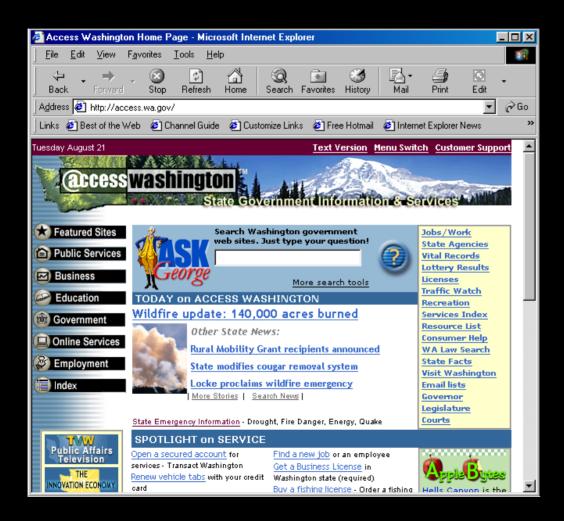
## **Internet Use Statistics**



- Buy a product: 52%
- Visit a government Web site: 51%
- Buy or make a reservation for travel: 38%
- Participate in an online auction: 15%



### **Internet Use Statistics**



May 2001 **543,000** 

Average hits per day!

## **Disability Facts:**

- 1 in 5 Americans have some type of disability
- With aging population, likelihood is increasing



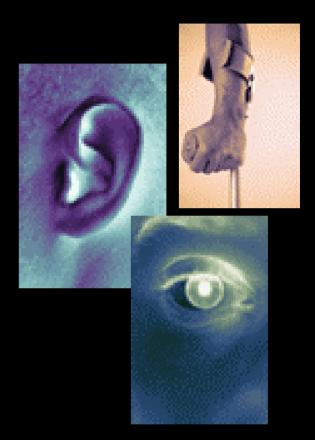


## **Accessibility Goals:**

- Improve employment opportunities, independence, and self-sufficiency for individuals
- Increase size of audience for agency, business program etc

## **Types of Disabilities**

- Visual Blindness, low vision, color blindness, tunnel vision
- Hearing -Deafness, limited ability to recognize or distinguish sounds
- Mobility, may not be able to use a keyboard or mouse
- Seizure and disorders Epilepsy
- Cognitive and language
- Speech



## **Mobility**

# Not everyone uses a mouse



## When designing for accessibility...



**Begin with the End in Mind** 

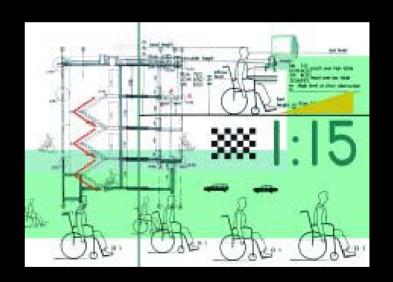
Concept from Stephen Covey.

## Design Principles

Principle of Universal Design - More cost effective to design at the blueprint level

#### **Universal Web Access**

Provides individuals who use a variety of devices to access digital government services



"Provides access for various types of devices"

## **Assistive Technology**

### Low-Tech

Like eyeglasses, wheelchairs

### **High-Tech**

- Screen Readers JAWS, Window Eyes
- Braille displays
- Audio
- Touch pad, mouse, keyboard, trackball

### Screen Reader Demo

## **Standards and Guidelines**

- W3C Checklist of Checkpoints for Web Content Accessibility Guidelines 1.0
- Section 508 Technical Standards
- Washington State Digital Government Web Presentation Guidelines

"Broad applicability across jurisdictions"

## W3C Checklist of Checkpoints for Web Content Accessibility Guidelines 1.0

### [Priority 1]

A Web content developer <u>must</u> satisfy this checkpoint.

### [Priority 2]

A Web content developer should satisfy this checkpoint.

### [Priority 3]

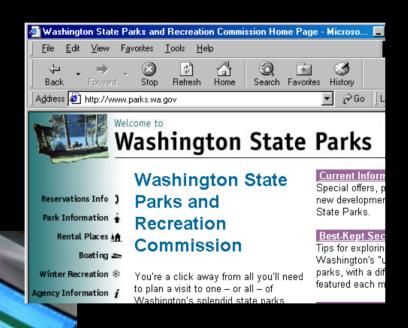
A Web content developer may address this checkpoint.

## **Section 508 Summary of Technical Standards**

## § 1194.22 Web-based intranet and internet information and applications

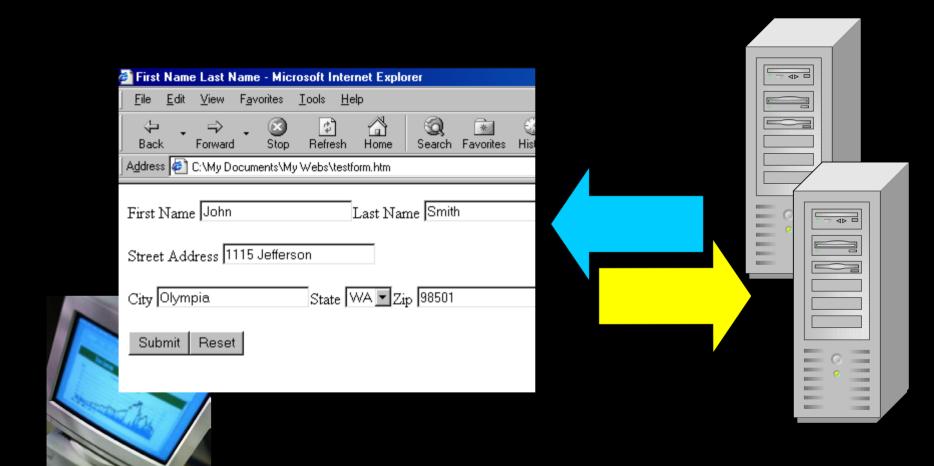
- Software applications and operating systems
- Telecommunication products
- Video and multimedia products
- Self contained, closed products
- Desktop and portable computers

## Web-based intranet and internet information AKA, Web sites





### **Web-based applications**



E-Business, e-forms, web-app, etc.

## Section 508 and W3C - The "EZ" Chart

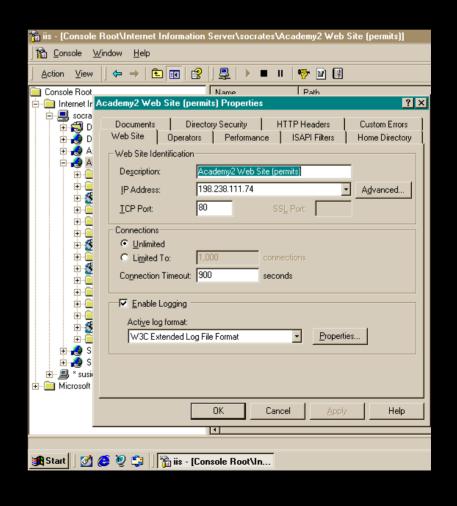
Item	Section 508	Comparison	W3C Priority	Checkpoint
Timed Responses	When required, alert user and give sufficient time.	New		
Flicker	Avoid frequencies >2 Hz and <55 Hz	Similar	1	7.1
Applets & Plug-ins	If used, page must provide link to accessible plug-in	Similar	1	6.3
Scripting	Include functional text	W3C more restrictive	1,2	6.3, 6.4, 8.1, 9.3
Forms	e-forms, directions, and cues	Similar	2	10.2, 12.4, 9.3
Skip Navigation	Permit users to skip repetitive links	508 more specific	3	13.5, 13.6

### **#1 - Timed Responses**

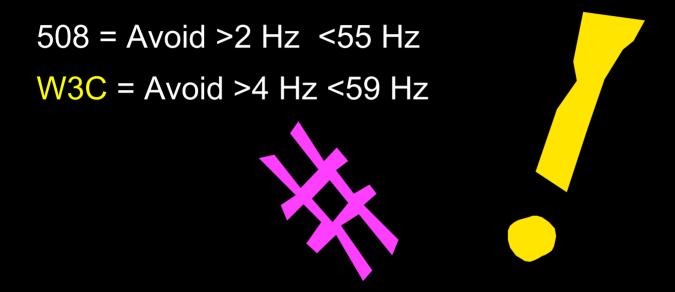
### HTML/Javascript

</head> setTimeout('executeTim er()',1080000)" onMouseMove="resetTi mer()" onKeyPress="resetTime r()" STYLE="backgroundimage: url(../images/headerBG. gif);backgroundrepeat:no-repeat;">

### **Server Configuration**



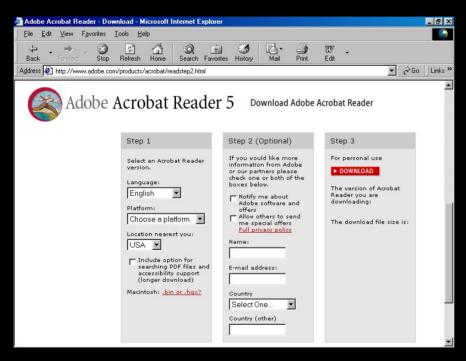
### #2 - Flicker



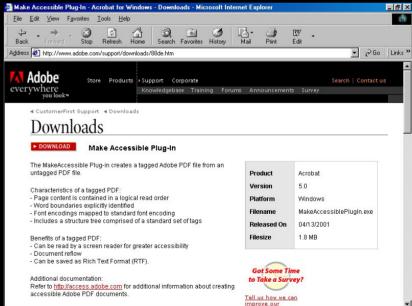
"Fortunately, there's no easy way in HTML to produce flickering" - Idyll Mountain

## #3 - Applets and Plug-ins

#### **Client**



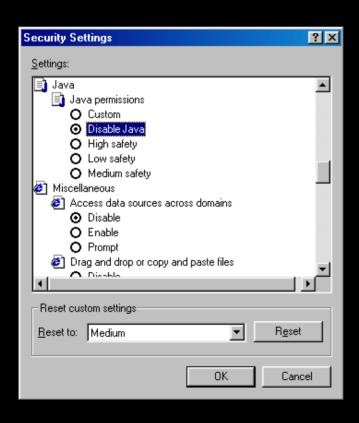
### Web Developer

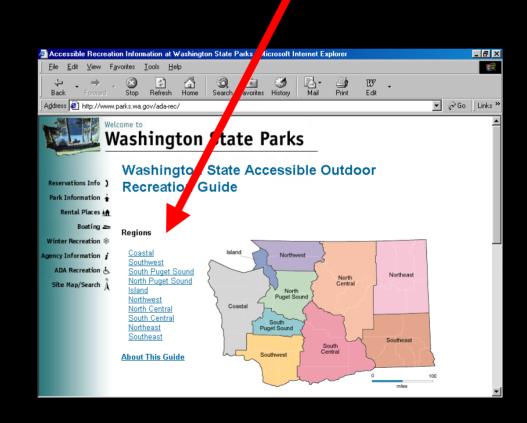


### #4 - Scripting

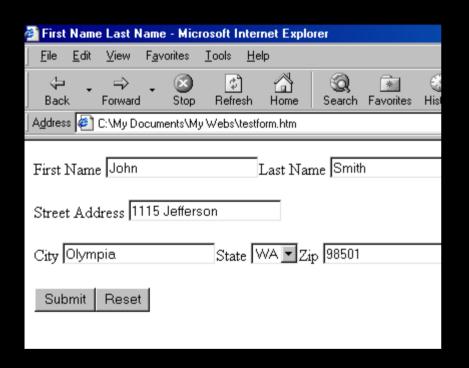
Assistive Technologies do not handle client-side scripts well

Redundant text links





### **#5 - Forms**



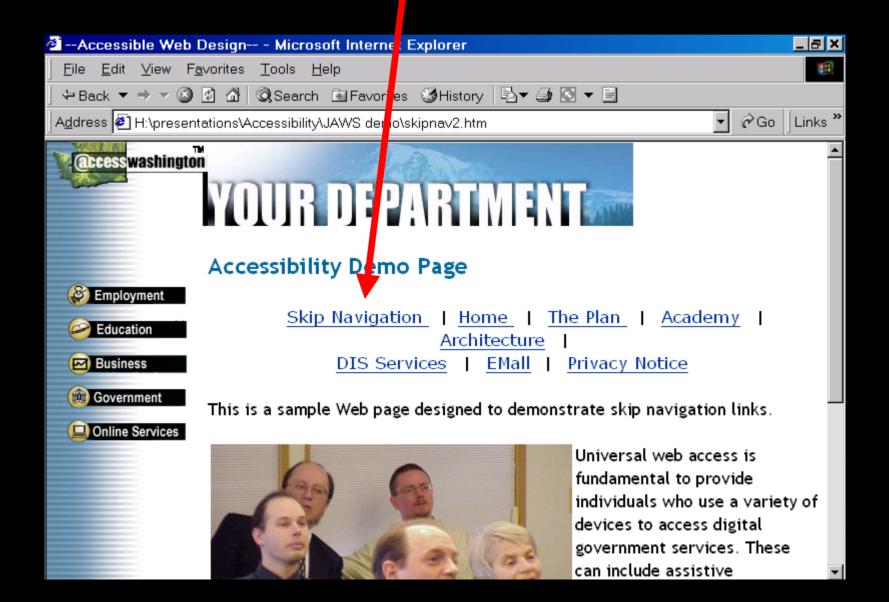
#### **Accessible HTML Form**

Use the <label> tag

<label for="firstname">First
Name:</label>

Use the <tabindex> attribute

### #6 - Skip Navigation



## 508 "How to" Resources

### Section 508 and W3C Guidelines A Side-byside Comparison

http://www.JimThatcher.com

**Section 508 Web Accessibility Training** 

http://www.section508.gov/classes.html

## Screen Readers

**Window Eyes** 



**JAWS** 



**IBM Home Page Reader** 



## **Accessibility Tools**



Wave

SSB Technologies

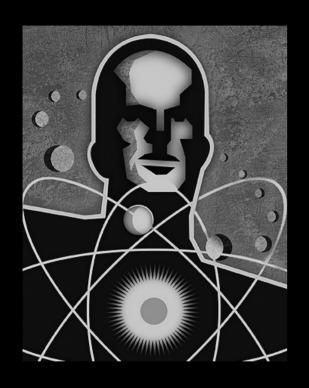


Crunchy Technologies

Adobe PDF

**Dreamweaver** 

"Like a grammar checker"



The Washington State Applications
Template and Outfitting Model ™
(ATOM) is a comprehensive and
detailed roadmap for the fast and
efficient way to build digital
government applications.

http://www.wa.gov/dis/e-gov/atom/